Inducing Functions to Improve LLM Agents

Daniel Fried





Language Interfaces

Science Fiction *Her*, 2013





Let's start with your emails. You have several thousand emails regarding LA Weekly, but it looks like you haven't worked there in many years.

Oh yeah, I guess I was saving those because in some of them I thought I might have written some funny stuff.

Yeah, there are some funny ones. I'd say there are about 86 that we should save. We can delete the rest.

Today

ChatGPT, 2025





Please help me organize my emails.

Absolutely! I can help you get your inbox in shape. To tailor the advice a bit, could you tell me:

- 1. What email provider are you using? (e.g., Gmail, Outlook, Apple Mail)
- 2. Do you use any email apps (on desktop or phone)?

Thanks, but I want you to do it!

I wish I could jump in and drag those emails into folders for you—but I can't directly access your inbox. I'll guide you step-by-step, and we'll get your inbox whipped into shape fast.

Tool Use

ChatGPT V

↑ Share



More

×

What's the weather in Singapore this week?

Currently 77° · Mostly cloudy

01, Singapore



4	Sunday	91° 77°	Hot with increasing cloudiness; a thunderstorm in parts of the area in the afternoon; caution advised if doing strenuous activities outside
	Monday	91° 78°	Cloudy; a brief morning shower or two, then afternoon showers
	Tuesday	91° 78°	Mostly cloudy; a morning shower in spots followed by a thunderstorm in parts of the area in the afternoon
	Wednesday	88° 78°	A morning thunderstorm; otherwise, cloudy
	Thursday	88° 78°	Cloudy with a thunderstorm in parts of the area



Singapore, Central Singapore, Singapore Monthly Weather

Get the monthly weather forecast for Singapore, Central Singapore, Singapore, including daily...



Weather 25

Singapore weather in April 2025 - Weather 25.com

The weather in Singapore in April is very hot. The average temperatures are between 26°C and 32°...



World Weather

Weather in Singapore in April 2025 - Detailed Weather Forecast for ...

Weather in Singapore in April 2025. Singapore Weather Forecast for April ... Friday, 25 April. +81°...



World Weather

Singapore 30-Day Weather Forecast

Monthly Weather Forecast ≠ in Singapore, , Singapore for April, May 2025 Saturday, April...

Sources of Tools

Application-specific software

Real-world APIs

Expert-designed functions

place in Princeton, NJ? search: princeton pizza Recommended APIs View All APIs curated by RapidAPI and recommended based on functionality offered, performance, and support! Text Translator API-BASKETBALL Local Business Data MoviesDatabase Translate text to 100+ +400 Basketball Leagues & Extremely Comprehensive MoviesDatabase provides languages . Fast Cups with Livescore, Odds. Local Business / Place Data complete and updated data Bookmakers, Statistics, from Google Maps for over 9 million titles (processing, cost saving. Reviews, Photos, Emails, Free up to 100,000 Standings, Historical Data, movies, series and characters per month episodes) and 11 million IMAGE:

Mmm pizza -- good idea! Do you know a good pizza



Question: Are there both ties and glasses in the picture? Program:

BOX0:Loc(image=IMAGE, object='ties') ANSWERO Count box=BOX0) BOX1:Loc(image=IMAGE, object='glasses')

ANSWER1 Count (box=BOX1)

ANSWER2: Eval("'yes' if {ANSWER0} > 0 and {ANSWER1} > 0 else 'no'") RESULT=ANSWER2

Prediction: no



Zora Wang

Creating Tools on-the-Fly

Zora Zhiruo Wang, Graham Neubig, and Daniel Fried. "TroVE: Inducing Verifiable and Efficient Toolboxes for Solving Programmatic Tasks." ICML 2024

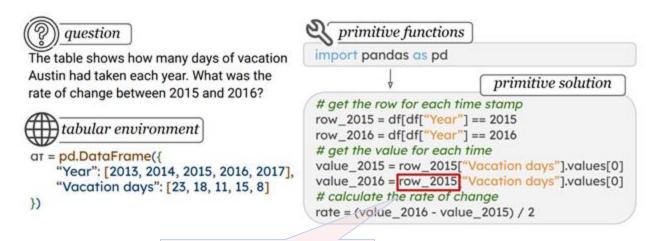
Answering Questions via Code Generation

Toolbox Instruction Your task is to # import the pandas library generate code to import pandas as pd answer... Question What is the mean of vacation days? | Year | Vacation days | Environment 2014 | 18 2015 Solution df = pd.DataFrame({"Year": [2014, 2015], solution output "Vacation days": [18, 11]})

avg_days = df["Vacation days"].mean()

What If No Useful Tools Exist Yet?

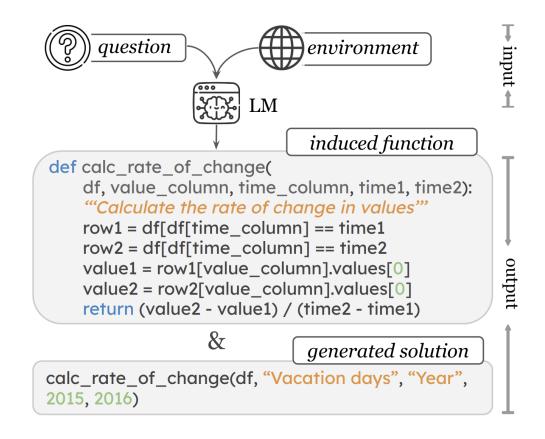
Can only solve problems using primitive actions, e.g., Python built-in functions

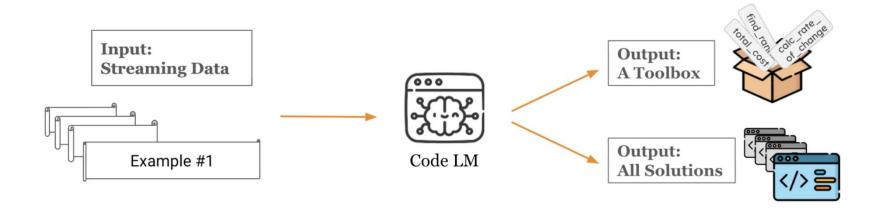


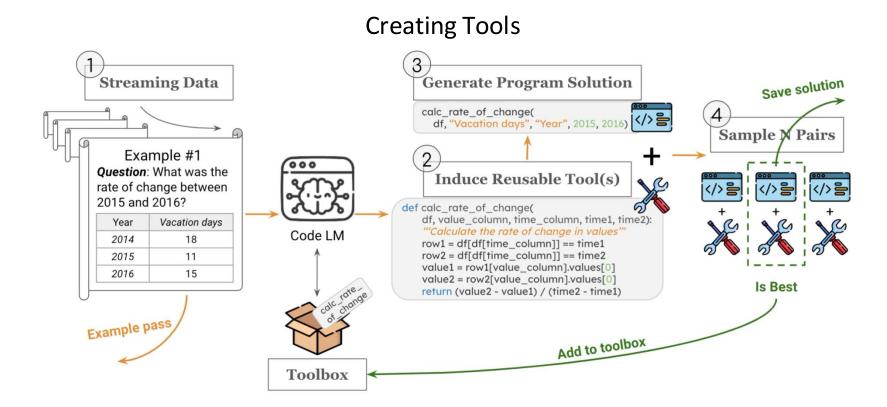
Prone to errors :(

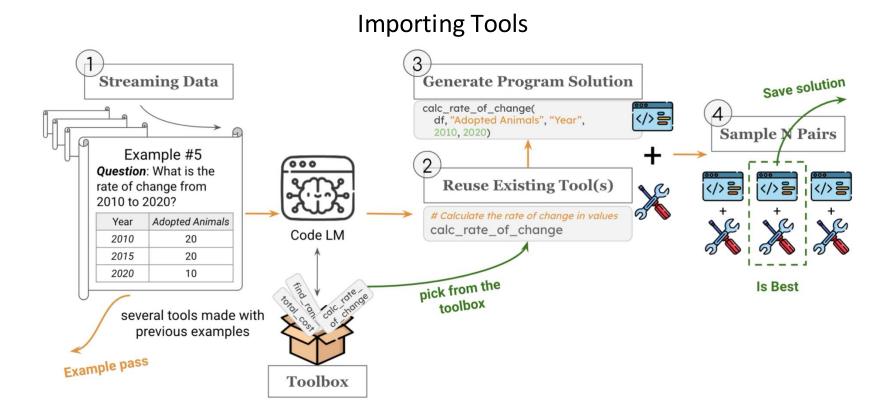
Or let the agents make new tools!

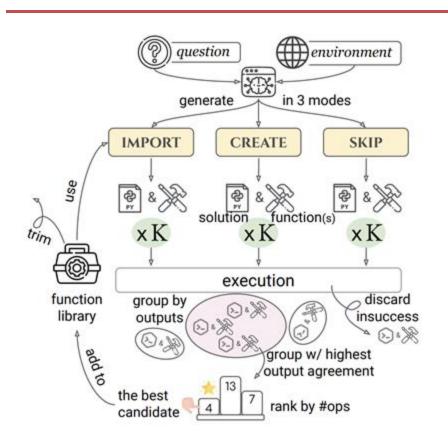
Generating Reusable Tools











Using and growing the toolbox

Agreement-based selection

Periodic toolbox trimming

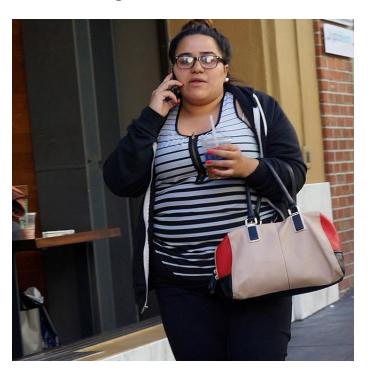
Evaluation on Programmatic Tasks

Task Dataset		Size	Primitive Functions		
	algebra	881			
	count & prob.	291			
	geometry	237			
MATH	inter. algebra	503	built-in functions		
	number theory	497			
	prealgebra	636			
	precalculus	156			
	TabMWP	5,376	+ pandas		
TABLEQA	WTQ	4,344	+ pandas		
	HiTab	1,574	+ pandas + parse_table		
VisualQA GQA		12,578	+ PIL.Image + locate_objects + visual_qa + crop_region		

Table 1. Statistics and primitives for three tasks.

Example from GQA

On which side of the picture is the leather bag?



Signature of Created Function

```
def get_object_side(image: str | Image.Image,
  object_name: str) -> str:
    """Get the side of the image where the
  object is located."""
```

Solution

```
from PIL import Image
image_file = "data/gqa/testdev_images/n313060.jpg"
image = Image.open(image_file).convert('RGB')
side = get_object_side(image, "leather bag")
print(side)
```

Example from GQA

Created Function:

```
from PIL import Image
from toolbox import locate objects
def get_object_side(image: str | Image.Image, object_name: str) -> str:
    """Get the side of the image where the object is located."""
  boxes = locate objects(image=image, object name=object name)
  if isinstance(image, str):
     image = Image.open(image).convert('RGB')
  image width = image.width
  object center = (boxes[0][0] + boxes[0][2]) / 2
  if object_center < image_width / 2:
    return "left"</pre>
  else:
     return "right"
```

X

CodeLLaMa Performance w/ TroVE

- ► Answer correctness (acc ↑)
- ► Solution complexity (#ops ↓)

Method	Metric		MATH					TABLEQA			VISUAL	
Method	Metric	alg	count	geo	inte	num	prealg	precal	TabMWP	WTQ	HiTab	GQA
	acc ↑	0.15	0.14	0.06	0.05	0.16	0.21	0.10	0.43	0.20	0.09	0.37
PRIMITIVE	# ops ↓	15.4	10.9	15.1	17.0	12.3	12.1	20.8	17.4	24.3	16.5	24.8
	acc ↑	0.25	0.26	0.08	0.11	0.25	0.29	0.17	0.47	0.21	0.18	0.44
TROVE	# ops↓	18.8	10.0	25.4	23.9	11.2	11.7	19.6	10.9	9.2	9.3	20.3
	# lib ↓	10	1	7	8	8	4	7	10	11	5	7



GPT-4 Performance w/ TroVE

Method	MATH	$\mathbf{I}_{algebra}$	TabMWP		G	QA	
Method	acc †	# lib↓	acc ↑	# lib ↓	acc ↑	# lib↓	
w/ addition	al super	vision					
LATM	0.30	-	0.09	-	0.29	-	
CRAFT	0.68	282	0.88	181	0.45	525	
w/ additional rectification & iteration							
Creator	0.65	875	0.81	4,595	0.34	-	
TroVE: w	o super	vision, recti	fication, or iteration				
GPT-3.5	0.68	17	0.89	25	0.44	10	
GPT-4	0.72	16	0.92	38	0.44	8	

- Higher accuracy
- Much smaller toolbox

 GPT-4 performs comparably to CodeLLaMa-7B on GQA

Diverse Tools Across Domains

Varied function types across tasks

from PIL import Image

TABLEQA

```
def get_match_after_condition(
    df, condition_column: str, condition: any,
    value_column: str) -> any:
""""Get the match that comes after the match that
    satisfies a condition in the specified column."""
    row = df[df[condition_column] == condition]
    index = row.index[0] + 1
    if index < len(df):
        return df.iloc[index][value_column]
    else:
        return None</pre>
```

VISUALQA

```
from toolbox import crop_region, locate_objects

def get_object_region(
    image: Image.Image, object_name: str
) -> Image.Image:
    """Locate the crop the image of the object."""
    boxes = locate_objects(image, object_name)
    object_image = crop_region(image, boxes)
    return object_image
```

Varied functionalities across datasets

TabMWP

```
find_median find_mode calc_total_cost
```

```
count_by_condition get_data_cell parse_table ...... get_value_by_condition get_most_common
```



Accurate, Efficient Human Verification

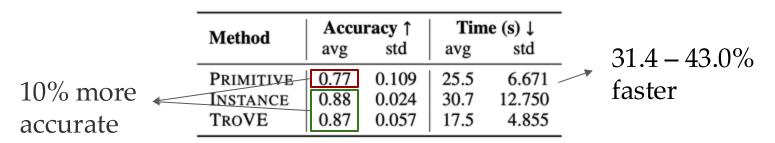


Table 5. Human accuracy and time in verifying model-produced solutions with three methods experimented.

```
TroVE solution
                        primitive solution
# get the row for each time stamp
                                                                                   advanced functions
row 2015 = df[df["Year"] == 2015
                                                                             # Calculate the rate of change in values
row 2016 = df[df["Year"] == 2016
                                                            VS
                                                                             calc_rate_of_change(df: pd.DataFrame,
# get the value for each time
                                                                                value_column: str, time_column: str,
value 2015 = row 2015["Vacation days"].values[0]
                                                                                time1: any, time2: any) -> float
value 2016 = row_2015["Vacation days"].values[0]
                                                                                               advanced solution
# calculate the rate of change
                                                                             calc rate of change(df, "Vacation
rate = (value 2016 - value 2015) / 1
                                                                             days", "Year", 2015, 2016)
```

TroVE: Takeaways

Programmatic tools enable accurate, concise solutions

Facilitates faster human verification

Naturally adaptive to various tasks/domains







Frank Xu

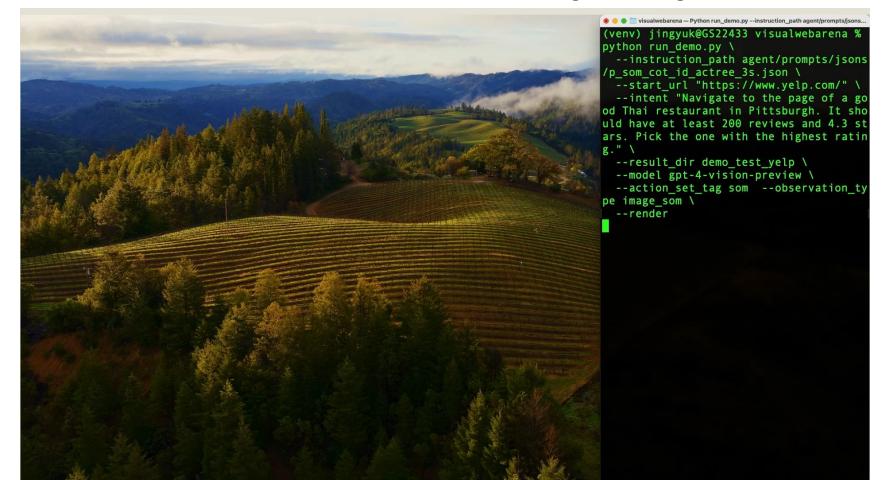


Jing Yu Koh

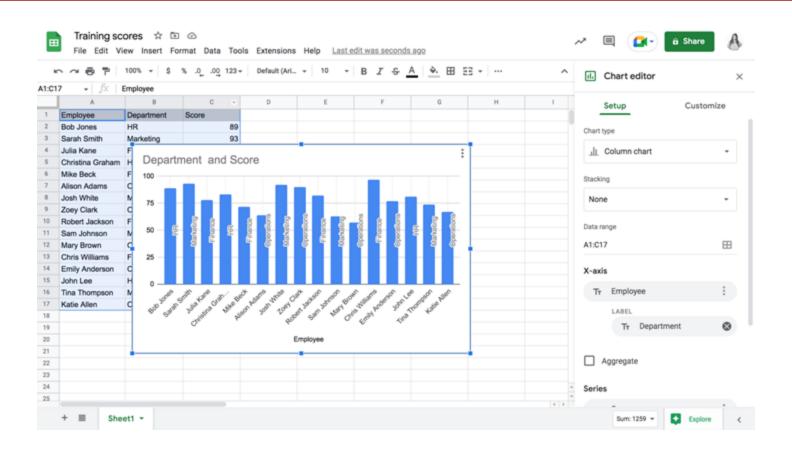
Acting in an Environment

Shuyan Zhou and Frank Xu et al. WebArena. ICLR 2024 Jing Yu Koh et al. VisualWebArena. ACL 2024

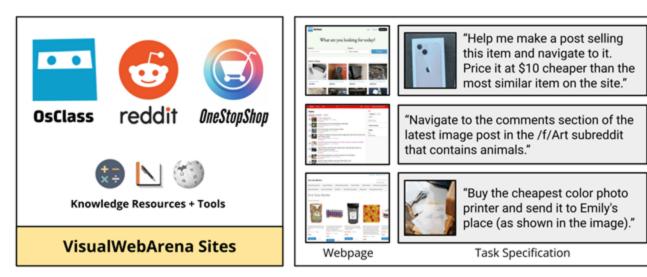
Task: Navigate to the page of a good Thai restaurant in Pittsburgh. It should have at least 200 reviews and 4.3 stars. Pick the one with the highest rating.



Why Web Agents?



Simulators with Real-World Sites



WebArena (Zhou*, Xu* et al., ICLR 2024) Standalone, self-hostable web environments **VisualWebArena** (Koh et al., ACL 2024)
Benchmark for *multimodal* web agents

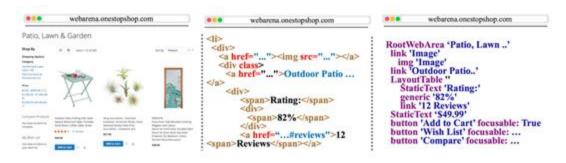
LLM / VLM Agent

click

[1602]

Simulators with Real-World Sites

POMDP environment: $\mathcal{E} = \langle \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{A}, \mathcal{O}, \mathcal{T} \rangle$ Observations \mathcal{O}



Actions \mathcal{A}

Action Type a	Description
click [elem]	Click on element elem.
hover [elem]	Hover on element elem.
type [elem] [text]	Type text on element elem.
press [key_comb]	Press a key combination.
new_tab	Open a new tab.
tab_focus [index]	Focus on the i-th tab.
tab_close	Close current tab.
goto [url]	Open url.
go_back	Click the back button.
go_forward	Click the forward button.
scroll [up down]	Scroll up or down the page.
stop [answer]	End the task with an optional output.

Example Tasks

Webpage / Input Image(s)

Example Intent



What is the ISIN of the company that occupies the largest portion in Warren Buffet's portfolio? Answer using the information from the Wikipedia site in the second tab.



Add something like what the man is wearing to my wish list.

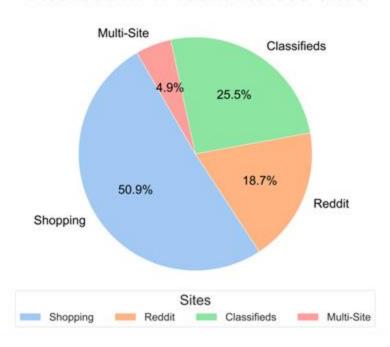




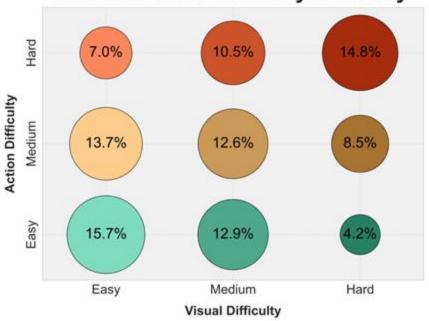
Create a post for each of the following images in the most related forums.

VisualWebArena: Task Distribution

Distribution of Tasks Across Sites

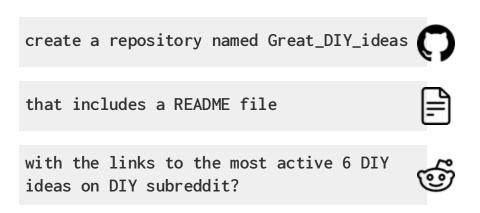


Distribution of Tasks by Difficulty



Long-Horizon Web Tasks Are Hard

Example Long-Horizon Task



Each part requires many steps



skills



Know how to do these **atomic tasks** a priori



Zora Wang

Inducing Agentive Skills via Workflows and Tools

Zora Zhiruo Wang, Jiayuan Mao, Daniel Fried, and Graham Neubig. "Agent Workflow Memory."

Zora Zhiruo Wang, Apurva Gandhi, Graham Neubig, and Daniel Fried. "Inducing Programmatic Skills for Agentic Tasks."

Skills: Reusable Subcomponents



Find a place by its name

Task Objective: Show me {location} on the map Action Trajectory:

To find the {location}, I will search for "{location}" on OpenStreetMap.

fill('145', {location}) click('147') Adopt the first few steps from earlier, easier workflows

Add more steps to build increasingly complex workflows



Get the zip code of a place

Task Objective: Tell me the zip of code of {location} Action Trajectory:

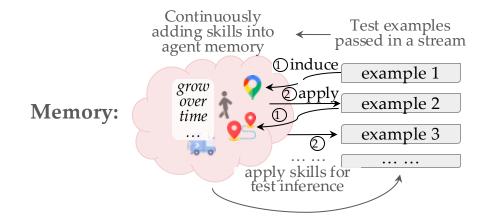
To find the zip code of {location}, I will first search for {location} on OpenStreetMap. Once located, I will extract the zip code from the map or the associated information fill('145', {location}) click ('147')

The search results have provided multiple locations.... This location includes the zip code.

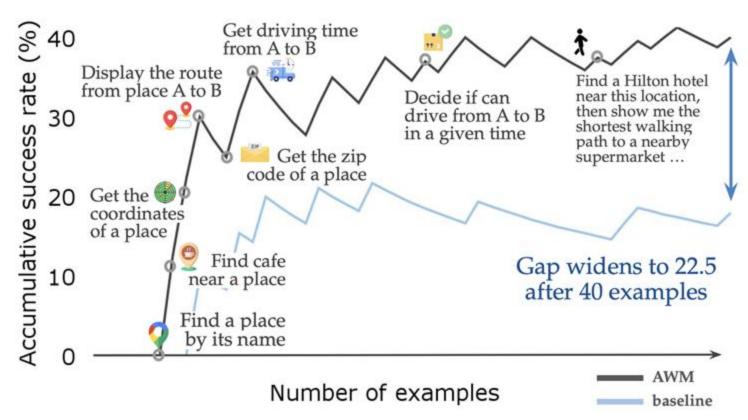
send_msg_to_user("The zip code is {zip-code}")

Learning Skills Online

- Like our previous work, maintain a memory of skills induced so far
- ► Induce skills from solved examples, add to the memory
- ► Retrieve from the memory to use in solving new examples

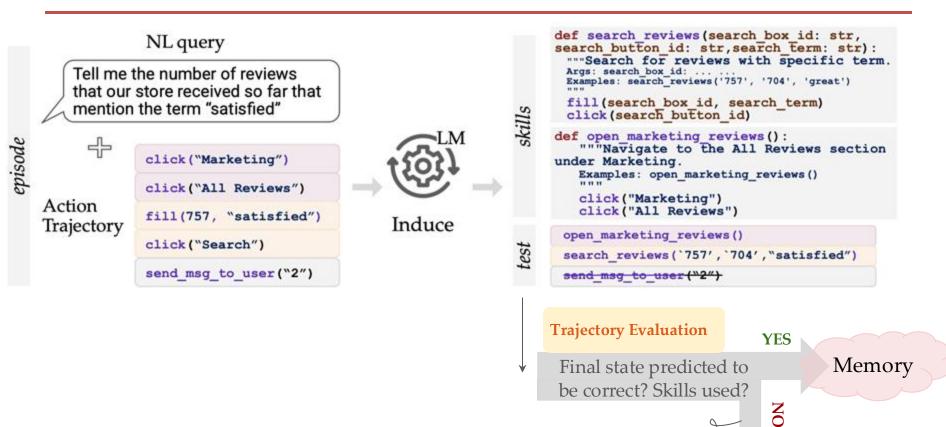


Online Learning of Skills Improves Performance

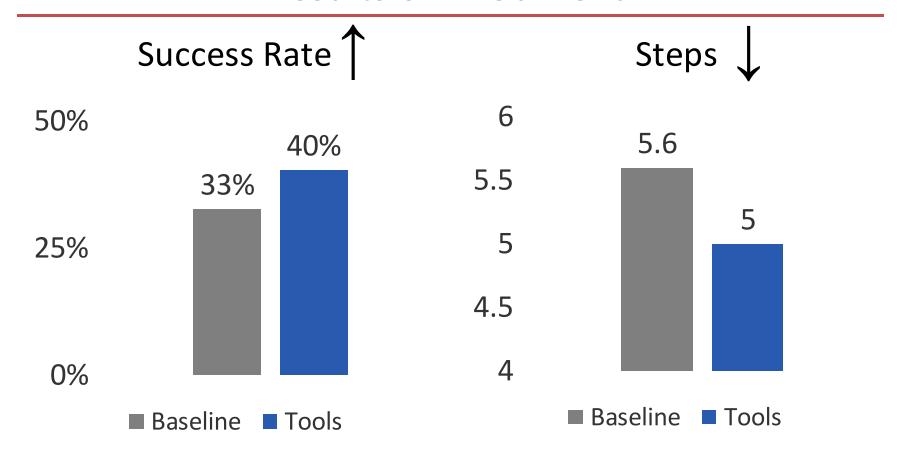


Zora Zhiruo Wang, Jiayuan Mao, Daniel Fried, and Graham Neubig. "Agent Workflow Memory."

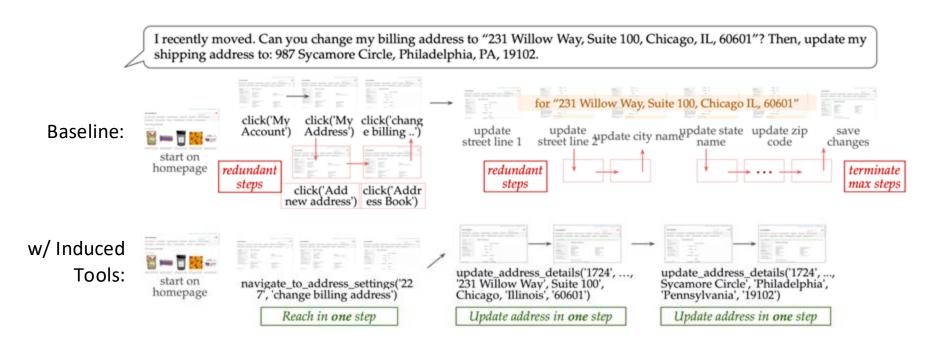
Inducing and Verifying Programmatic Tools



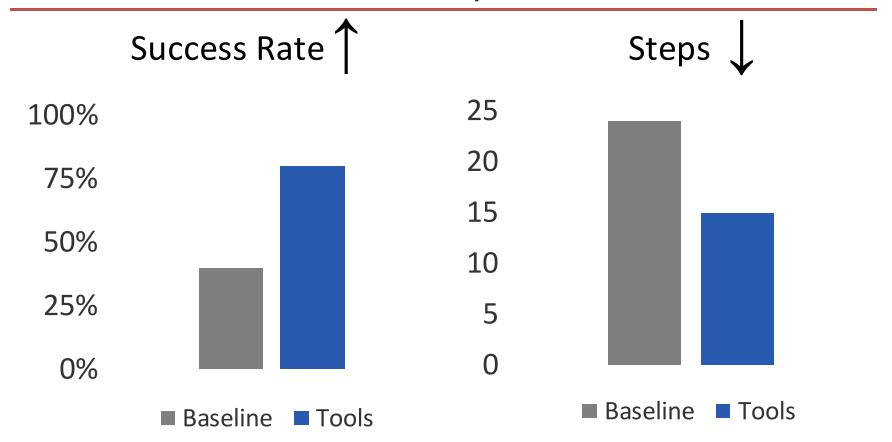
Results on WebArena



Scaled-Up Web Activities



Results on Scaled-Up Web Activities



Takewaways

Tools / skills / functions can be induced to capture shared sub-structure

Often more successful and more efficient!

But how to learn over very long time horizons (e.g. years of interaction)?

Toward human interaction and editing of learned skills

Thanks!

dfried@cs.cmu.edu http://dpfried.github.io

TroVE: https://github.com/zorazrw/trove
Agent Skill Induction: https://github.com/zorazrw/agent-skill-induction